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THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1772.

LONDON, JULY 4.

IT is now pretty certain, that the late intended expedition of Mr. Bankes, &c. into the South Seas, is entirely laid aſide. This diſgraceful meaſure can be equalled by nothing but the diſgraceful artifice which was invented to bring it about. When the whole of the preparations were ready, and the gentlemen ready to embark, Prince Maſſerano waited on Lord Rochford, with this reſolute and deciſive intelligence, "That he was commanded by his maſter to tell him, the firſt Britiſh veſſels he met in the South Seas, he would give orders to ſink them;" and then referred him to the treaties in force to that purpoſe. His Lordſhip immediately acquieſced; and a barefaced refuſal to the gentlemen of the neceſſary accommodations for the voyage was aſſigned as the oſtenſible reaſon for breaking it off.

It is very certain that the meaſures of the courts of Vienna, Peterſburgh, and Berlin, in regard to Poland, have given, and give, inconceivable umbrage to the court of Great-Britain; and that very ſpirited inſtructions on this head have been ſent to our miniſters at thoſe reſpective courts; in which, it is aſſerted, they have been ordered to declare, that Great-Britain will not permit ſuch a dangerous diſmemberment, nor ſuch a violation of the faith of treaties.

The French Ambaſſador has had ſix couriers from the court of Verſailles within theſe eleven days; from which circumſtance it is certain there is ſomething more than ordinary movements in hand, in which the Britiſh court is more or leſs engaged.

It is given out, that the Spaniſh Ambaſſador, Prince Maſſerano, is to ſet off for Madrid for a certain time on *private* buſineſs. His Excellency is not to ſet off for Madrid, but for Paris; nor is he to go on private buſineſs, but to treat perſonally with the Court of Verſailles, on the meaſures proper to be taken with reſpect to the preſent revolutions in Poland.

A letter from Paris gives it as authentic intelligence, that the French and Spaniſh courts are to receive a ſum of money conjunctly from the ſpoilers of Poland, to with-hold them from intermeddling in their partition of that kingdom, and to make them remain neuter.

The Captors of Poland ſeem to be of opinion, that if the mouths of France and Spain are ſhut, Great-Britain will not be of conſequence enough to diſturb them; for the chief force of Britain being in her navy, it can have no effect on Poland; and her land-forces are but a handful in compariſon of thoſe vaſt armies which are ſupported by the continental powers.

A letter from Vienna ſays, that the Emperor has ſent into Poland proper perſons for taking plans and maps of the new dominions in that kingdom ceded to the Ruſſians, that their whole troops there amount to 50,000, and that they carry every thing before them without the leaſt oppoſition.

Several officers who were on furlow, have ſet out to join their regiments in Ireland, purſuant to orders from the War-office.

JULY 6. By the laſt accounts from Copenhagen we hear, that the final ſentence of Colonel Falkenſchiold is, a diſmiſſion from all his employments, a degradation from all his honours, and perpetual impriſonment in the Caſtle of Dronthein, in Norway, with an allowance of only half a crown per day.-----He ſent a requeſt of ſome kind to his Majeſty before his baniſhment, but it was not complied with.

The laſt letters from Hamburgh adviſe, that the famous marſhal of the Confederates in Poland, Pulawſky, was lately ſurpriſed and taken at Lubiener in Sileſia, by the Pruſſian Major de Reitzenſtein, who ſent him to Potzdam, from whence he will probably be ſent to Warſaw, where he will meet with his puniſhment, unleſs he can clear himſelf from the accuſation laid againſt him of being the author of the attempt which was made againſt the life of the King of Poland.

This day the old Act of Parliament takes place, whereby all bohea and green teas cleared out of the India warehouſe, are ſubject, and muſt pay one ſhilling a pound more than the preſent duty or exciſe they now pay.

An advice boat from the Manillas to Ferrol has brought advice, that Port Emanuel has been almoſt totally demoliſhed by a violent earthquake on the 12th of April laſt, which being ſucceeded by a violent ſtorm and inundation of the ſea, had carried away all the fortifications, and demoliſhed the harbour. Twenty ſail of veſſels, all French and Spaniſh, were loſt with their crews at the mouth of the harbour.

JULY 7. It is ſtrongly reported that his Excellency the Pruſſian Ambaſſador is actually putting all his affairs in a ſtate of preparation for his departure. It is certain, however, that a memorial has been lately ſent off to Berlin, an anſwer to which is eagerly expected, and the purport of which will determine his departure or his ſtay.

We are told that the return of Lord Harcourt from Paris is a meaſure certainly fixed on, and that his preſent delay there is occaſioned ſolely by the neceſſity there is of a Britiſh Ambaſſador's being preſent there at this important criſis. When the confuſion on the continent is a little ſubſided, Lord Harcourt will certainly return, and aſſume another department in government.

Letters from Dantzick ſay, that there are no leſs than 130,000 foreign combatants in the kingdom of Poland, now living on the vitals of that already deſolated country.

Theſe letters add, that a detachment from the Pruſſian army had, two days before, occupied the ſuburbs of Elbing, as preparatory to the taking poſſeſſion of that city, in the name of the King their maſter.

Extract of a letter from Ayr.

"Univerſal bankruptcy is not the only evil we are threatened with; abſolute and unavoidable famine, if public credit is not immediately reſtored, muſt be the fate of this part of the kingdom. For though the Noblemen and Gentlemen, by their ſpirited and ſteady conduct on this alarming occaſion, have fully reſtored the credit due to the notes of Douglas, Heron, & Co. ſo that they now paſs as freely as ever in this country; yet it is not in their power to reſtore the credit of the nation abroad, while it remains ſo much clouded at London.---Our only dependance for grain, at preſent, is on Ireland; and no ſooner had the diſagreeable ſituation of public credit in London reached that country, than they unloaded ſeveral veſſels ready to ſail with grain for this town, on pretence that they were not ſure, if the bills drawn on London for the price would be honoured.

"We are ſtill very quiet; but if we are obliged to diſmiſs our labourers and manufacturers for want of money, the conſequences indeed would be very ſerious."

JULY 8. The unhappy diviſion which too long hath ſubſiſted between the friends of Liberty, has been frequently deplored as a national misfortune. Had the union amongſt the patriots been as laſting as it was originally well-conſtructed, the Miniſtry by this time would have had little cauſe to triumph; but when it is conſidered that the bands of unity were broken, not by Mr. *Wilkes* but by thoſe who had joined him as a perſon moſt likely to promote their *own views*, who were deſirous of uſing him as a ladder on which they might aſcend the ſummit of their ambition. When this, ſays a correſpondent, is conſidered, Mr. Wilkes will be found by no means to blame, nor can the differences be ſuppoſed to have been fomented *by*, or originated from *him*, but thoſe who wanted to make him the *dupe* of their ſelfiſh projects. It was a duty Mr. Wilkes therefore owed the Public and himſelf, to ſpurn at ſuch artifice, though carried on under the moſt plauſible pretext; and in withdrawing his ſupport and countenance from Townſend, Horne, and men of ſuch ſtamp, he acted as became a perſon unwilling to enliſt under the banners of a private Faction, though commanded by a Genius as *ſhrewd* as that of *Machiavel*, or as *wicked* and *miſchievous* as that of *Malagrida*.

A report prevails that the Rev. Mr. Horne is ſhortly to embark for Ireland, having, as it is ſaid, obtained ſome letters of recommendation to Lord Townſend and Sir George Macartney, by the means of which, it is ſuppoſed, he will obtain an handſome clerical proviſion upon the Iriſh Eſtabliſhment.

Another Correſpondent ſays, that the true reaſon of Mr. Horne's embarking for Ireland is, that he may be ready in caſe of future diſturbances in the northern parts of that kingdom to *quell the Inſurgents*; the Miniſtry not forgetting the anxious deſire he expreſſed of dying his *black* coat *red*, are determined to give him the firſt opportunity of executing his purpoſe.

The Friends of the Conſtitution may be aſſured, there is a moſt perfect reconciliation and cordiality amongſt the Popular Party in the City. The future actions of each will juſtify this opinion.

A Correſpondent thinks it highly inequitable in the Crown, to diſcharge the debtors of the ſubject from priſon whenever it pleaſes, without once dreaming of releaſing its own. Many unhappy men have been confined for years and years at the ſuit of the Sovereign, who can never extricate themſelves by paying the immenſe ſums for which they are immured; it would be highly humane, therefore, in our Miniſters, to ſet an example of that mercy which they wring from others, and to begin with ſetting the debtors of State at liberty in every Act of Inſolvency.

The Queen of Denmark, in her letter to the King, expreſſes a ſtrong deſire to return to England, and miniſters for miniſters with ſuch ſolid reaſons, that it is the general opinion of thoſe acquainted with the Court, that his Majeſty will conſent to her requeſt. Our Correſpondent thinks, that her deſire to return hither is a freſh proof of her innocence; for was ſhe guilty of the crimes laid to her charge, England would be one of the laſt places ſhe would wiſh to ſee.

The ſquadron of men of war lately ſailed for Newfoundland, under the command of Commodore Shuldham, conſiſts of thirteen ſail, including ſloops.

A new Redoubt and Half-Moon are ordered to be built at Dover-Caſtle, on the ſide next the ſea; the former to mount 12, the latter 26 guns.

It appears by the books of ſome late Bankrupts in different branches of buſineſs, that many of the Nobility and Gentry do not pay their tradeſmen's Bills under three, ſome four or five years. This long and ſhameful credit obliges tradeſmen of ſmall capitals to have recourſe to the deſtructive method of diſcounting made Bills, which has been the ruin of many honeſt men, who could have carried on their buſineſs with eaſe and advantage, if their book debts had been paid in due time.

JULY 10. The Miniſtry are much perplexed with the proceedings of the King of Pruſſia, many other powers being determined to ſhew reſentment to his proceedings; and, though England has no ſhare of the plunder of Poland, ſhe will be drawn into the quarrel in ſpite of oeconomy, and the pacific meaſures of a ſoporific court.

We hear, that our court has refuſed to ſign the treaty propoſed by the Czarina to the courts of London, Vienna, Berlin, Copenhagen, and Stockholm. All the other powers have acceded, and the Britiſh name is in conſequence thereof eraſed.

Extract of a letter from Poland.

"On the 12th of June one of the Pruſſian Generals, with a detachment from the main army, went to the town of Braikow, where there is a ſmall garriſon, now in the hands of the crown, and demanded the keys of the caſtle in his maſter's name. The Commandant anſwered him, That the caſtle had been entruſted to him to guard by the King of Poland, his maſter, and that he would not ſurrender it to any one but to him, or his expreſs order. The Pruſſian General, finding he was threatened with a very warm reception, if he uſed any force, diſpatched a meſſenger to the grand camp at Marienwerder, to receive orders from his maſter how he ſhould proceed. But the King not having yet returned from Lithuania, the affair is ſtill in ſuſpence. We are impatient to hear how it will be determined."

JULY 13. We are aſſured that Captain Cooke, Mr. Forſter, tranſlator of Bourgainville's voyage, and ſon, with a number of other learned gentlemen, have actually ſet ſail, in order to make new diſcoveries in the South Seas. Captain Cooke was the gentleman in whoſe ſhip Mr. Bankes and Dr. Solander ſailed round the world.

Should the Earl of Hillſborough, as many imagine, reſign his employments, there is no room to expect his junction with the Oppoſition. He has been out of power many times, yet never commenced a flaming adverſary of government; and if a place was the only thing his Lordſhip wanted, he might keep that which he poſſeſſes, without any fear of a rival, if in the buſineſs of his department he only concurred with the views of the Cabinet.

The Secretaryſhip of State for America, is one of the moſt conſiderable employments in the gift of the Crown; it has the nomination to all the civil offices in every part of the Britiſh dominions beyond the Atlantic; and the revenue of theſe amount, upon a moderate computation, to 100,000l. a year.

His Majeſty has iſſued a proclamation in Saturday's Gazette, commanding that all ſhips, &c. coming from or through the Mediterranean Sea, or from the Weſt Barbary on the Atlantic Ocean, or from Archangel, Peterſburgh, Narva, Riga, or from any other place in the dominions of Ruſſia, to this Kingdom, or to the Iſles of Jerſey, Guernſey, Alderney, Sark, or Man, do perform their quarantine for forty days, the ſame to be computed from the day each ſhip ſhall come to anchor in the place appointed for performing ſuch quarantine.

They advice from Smyrna, that 18,000 recruits, which that city has furniſhed for the Grand Signior, are deſigned for Conſtantinople.

The Bank of England it is ſaid, lent on Thurſday laſt, to a celebrated Bank 150,000l. By this ſeaſonable relief, that Bank will not only recover its credit, but many other houſes in town, who were obliged to ſtop for ſome time, will be reſtored to their former ſituation. The Bank of England had this loan two days under conſideration.

On Saturday his Excellency Count Kilmanſegg, who has been here ſome time on ſome important affairs from the Electorate of Hanover, ſet out by way of Paris on his return home.

JULY 16. *The laſt packet from North-America has brought a Letter of Thanks from the town of Boſton, to Col. Barre, Agent for Maſſachuſetts Bay, for his ſpirited behaviour in Parliament during the laſt Seſſion.*

Lord Hillſborough's objection to coloniſation, if founded on the obſervation, that a conſiderable part of the mother country lies waſte and uncultivated is juſt, it certainly ſhould firſt be improved.

The following is a liſt of thoſe who voted in the Iriſh Houſe of Peers on the claim of the Valentia Peerage.---For: Earls, Shannon, Roden, Ely, Weſtmeath, Roſs, Altamont, Milltown, Kingſtown; Viſcounts, Croſbie, Clanwilliam, Strangford, Ranelagh; Biſhops, Cork, Elphin, Clogher; Barons, Southwell, Blaney, Kingſale, Dawſon, Bangor, Annaly, and Knapton: In all, eight Earls, four Viſcounts, three Biſhops, and ſeven Barons; total twenty-two.----- Againſt: Earls, Charlemont, Tyrone, Mornington; Biſhop Dromore; Baron Langford: In all, three Earls, one Biſhop, and one Baron; total five.

Extract of a letter from Plymouth, July 12.

"The Artificers have been very buſy lately, and work an additional tide; the Duke, a ſecond rate, and the Conqueror, and Nonſuch, a third and fourth rate, are going on with great expedition; and orders have been ſent down lately to the Maſter Builder, to lay down a firſt rate, in the room of the Conqueror, which will be launched about September. The ſhips at preſent under repair are, the Foudroyant, and Plymouth Tranſport; the Adventure and Reſolution will ſoon ſail for the South Seas upon diſcoveries."

During Aſcot heath races, his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland kept an open table, of thirty diſhes, for the free entertainment of all the Nobility and Gentry who choſe to partake thereof.

A Correſpondent from the iſle of Wight obſerves, that the wet in particular, in that Iſland, is remarkably fine, and that (except the beans, which are a little ſhort) the crop in general is the moſt promiſing that has been known for many years.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, July 5.

"A few days ago a very extraordinary occurrence happened here. A Finlandman brought a ſhip-load of wood to ſell in this capital: The Soldiers who were upon guard, formed a plan to cheat the Finlandman of part of his ſmall wood, and in order to carry it into execution, it was agreed that one of them ſhould pick a quarrel with the Finlandman, and from words ſhould, as quick as poſſible, fall to blows. The plan being thus concerted, one of the Soldiers began to load the Finlandman with abuſe; but the Finlandman, pretending not to underſtand the Swediſh language, took no notice of it: but, in his own dialect, bid the Soldier be ſilent, otherwiſe he would ſoon make him ſo. This anſwer of the Finlandman was accompanied with ſuch expreſſive geſticulation, that the Soldier was not at a loſs to gueſs the meaning of it, which exaſperated him the more, and accordingly he began afreſh to abuſe the Finlandman with the bittereſt execrations: The Finlandman then pretended to be very ſorry for having given the Soldier any occaſion to put himſelf into ſo terrible a paſſion, and with fair ſpeech and humble voice ſoothed and coaxed the Soldier till he got him within his reach, when, taking an herb out of his pouch, he rubbed it in a violent manner all over the jaws and mouth of the Soldier, who, to the aſtoniſhment and terror of his comrades, was inſtantly ſtricken dumb. This event alarmed the whole garriſon, and the Finlandman and Soldier were both put under an arreſt. The affair came before a Civil Court of Judicature, when the Finlandman declared, that he had done nothing more than make uſe of an herb, which, on briſkly chafing the lips of any man with it, has the power of depriving the perſon ſo chafed of the uſe of ſpeech. The Court deeming this violent, though natural mode of doing one's ſelf juſtice, not ſtrictly juſtifiable, were going to paſs ſentence upon him, but the Finlandman begged he might be heard a few words. This requeſt being granted, he replied, that, had he totally deprived the Soldier of his uſe of ſpeech, he would not pretend to juſtify his own conduct, but as the herb which he had made uſe of, occaſioned only a temporary deprivation of ſpeech, and the power of that herb might be counteracted in half a minute's time, by the application of another herb, which he had then in his pocket, he hoped the Judges would releaſe him, on condition of his reſtoring the Soldier to the uſe of his ſpeech.---This requeſt being alſo granted, the Finlandman applied the antidotal herb to the Soldier's mouth, and the dumb man inſtantly recovered his ſpeech.---The Society of Arts and Sciences eſtabliſhed at Stockholm, when they heard of the ſurpriſing powers of theſe two herbs, ſent for the Finlandman, and offered him a reward of 250 dollars for them; but the offer, it ſeems, was not accepted."

JULY 17. *On Tueſday John Blaquiere, Eſq; Secretary to the Earl of Rochford, ſet out for Paris, being appointed Charge des Affairs at that Court, in the abſence of the Earl of Harcourt, (who is to return home ſoon) and till the arrival of the Earl of Stormont, who is appointed to ſucceed Lord Harcourt.*

On Wedneſday Sir Richard Johnſton, Bart. of Gouldford, in Ireland, had the honour of kiſſing the King's hand, on his being appointed a Baronet of that kingdom.

The Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, it ſeems, has given ſome offence in that kingdom, by diſmiſſing Sir Edward Newenham from his employment in the Exciſe. Sir Edward, it is ſaid, was deſirous of reſigning in favour of Mr. Obrien, who, as a valuable conſideration for the employment, was to have given Sir Edward 4000l. The Britiſh Miniſtry are ſaid to have conſented to the propoſal, but means were found out to fruſtrate the ſcheme.

The extracts from the two letters publiſhed very lately as Mr. Purdye's, if genuine, may be pleaded in bar to any penalties to be inflicted, as they have the ſtrongeſt and moſt evident marks of inſanity.

Yeſterday the Duke of Cumberland and his Ducheſs came to Cumberland houſe, in Pall mall, which has for ſome time been ſitting up for their reception.

...Cumberland, in giving directions to have all his ...ages paid up to the laſt quarter-day, jocularly obſerved, ...ſome time, to his Treaſurer, "You ſee, Le Grand, I've been ſo long from Court, that I've forgot every part of its practice."

On Wedneſday began paying at the Bank, one moiety of 1,500,000l. Redeemable Annuities, purſuant to an Act of laſt Seſſion.

Yeſterday the tickets of the preſent lottery began delivering out.

We hear that the Directors of the Bank of England entered up a Judgment the other day in the Court at Weſtminſter-hall, againſt three Scots Noblemen, for the ſum of 300,000l.

Mr. Fordyce was ſeen at Paris on the 25th and 26th of laſt month.

Among other laws highly neceſſary for the encouragement of our trade, a prohibition of foreign manufactures is abſolutely requiſite, becauſe the duties impoſed upon them (large as they are) only encourage the extravagance of the rich, and give the lower orders of people a double deſire of cheating the Revenue.

There is a report of an intention of ſuppreſſing all the Royal Plates given for the encouragement of running horſes, as this particular breed of horſes is not only utterly without uſe, but often the ſource of deſtruction to many of our firſt families.

A Correſpondent informs us, that there are upwards of 17,000l. depending on the match between Mr. Pigot's Lycurgus, and Mr. C. Fox's Pantaloon.

A letter from Warſaw, dated June 25, ſays, "Our Miniſtry has ſent to the Foreign Miniſters a new Memorial concerning the entrance of the Auſtrian troops into Poland."

Some letters from the Hague mention, that the city of Dantzick has choſen the King of Pruſſia for its Patron and Protector; in conſequence of which, the Citizens have refuſed to pay the Capitation Tax to the King of Poland, as before.

By the lateſt accounts from Turin we hear, that the King of Sardinia has given orders to ſuſpend for a while all the military preparations that were going forward in his dominions.

Extract of a letter from Algiers, May 25.

"The Dey hath cauſed public notice to be given, that the money coined by Ali Bey, Caimacan of Egypt, ſhall no longer be current in the kingdom of Algiers; and he hath forbidden the French Merchants ſettled in this port, to import any of that ſpecie from Marſeilles. He hath augmented the duties of exportation on wax, wool, leather, &c."

Letters from Madrid ſay, "We hear from all the provinces, that there never was in remembrance ſo fine a proſpect of a plentiful vintage as now, the grapes being in many parts fit for plucking at this time, and in ſuch quantities that they dry three-fourths more than is ſufficient to make the uſual quantity of wine."

Private letters from Paris inform, that more than 1500 Engliſh Shipwrights are now employed in the different dock-yards of that kingdom, where they meet with ſuch great encouragement that more emigrants are daily expected.

Orders have been iſſued from the War-Office, for building a new fort on the Red Sand at Gibraltar, and mounting it with twelve guns.

Yeſterday orders were ſent down to Portſmouth, for two ſhips of the line and two frigates to ſail immediately for the Mediterranean.

Orders are ſent to Cork for taking up ſome veſſels as tranſports there, for carrying four regiments of foot, now in Ireland, to New-England.

Charles Turner, Eſq; is appointed Comptroller of the Cuſtoms in the Port of Newcaſtle upon Tyne, in the room of Philip Sharpe, Eſq; deceaſed.

The Quebec man of war, from Antigua, is arrived at Portſmouth.

The Benetta ſloop of war, from Boſton, is arrived at Portſmouth.

By order of the Greſham Committee, all the ſtatues of the Kings and Queens, within the Royal Exchange, are to be painted of a fine ſtone colour, without any gilding on the drapery as heretofore.

Orders are given at the Tower for coining twelve tons more of halfpence, for the uſe of internal currency; they are to be ready for delivery by the middle of Auguſt.

It is now ſaid that his Majeſty, not being willing that the Duke of Glouceſter ſhould, at this time, travel to foreign parts, his Royal Highneſs has declined the thoughts of his intended tour, but deſigns to ſet out very ſoon upon a little excurſion, for the remaining part of the ſummer, during which he will viſit ſeveral of the moſt remarkable places in England.

On Wedneſday next Lord North will ſet out for Dillington in Somerſetſhire, the ſeat of his Lady, and will not return till towards the latter end of September, unleſs matters of conſequence ſhould call him before.

Orders have been ſent to Ireland, prohibiting from the 1ſt of July, for three months, all exportation of ſalt proviſions, except on Government account.

A contract is juſt entered into by Government with two conſiderable Dealers, for 6000 bullocks and 12,000 ſheep, to ſupply the men of war at Chatham, Portſmouth and Plymouth, with freſh proviſions.

The Trial man of war, from Jamaica; and the Weazle ſloop of war, are arrived at Portſmouth.

The 9th ult. arrived at Liſbon, from Rio de Janeiro, the ſhip named Don Quintos, having on board ſeven millions and an half of cruzadoes, two and a half of which are on account of the King, and the reſt for the Merchants; beſides which ſhe has brought a coffer of diamonds valued at a million and an half of cruzadoes.

They write from Rochelle, that the L'Auguſte, a new man of war of 70 guns, a preſent from the Princeſs of the Blood to his Majeſty, was launched there the 2d inſtant.

A Correſpondent ſends us word, that within theſe few days ſeveral loads of hay have been ſhipped off for France. This, if true, may account in ſome meaſure, for its high price.

Yeſterday a Motion was made before the Barons of the Exchequer in Serjeants-Inn hall, on the behalf of the Aſſignees of Meſſrs. Neal, James, Fordyce, and Downe, for leave to pay into the Bank 30,000l. the amount of the Extents on Fordyce's eſtate, as a ſecurity for the Crown till the legality of the Extents are determined, which was accordingly granted, and the Extents are to be withdrawn.

A Correſpondent aſſures us, that no leſs than forty-ſix Commiſſions of Bankruptcy have paſſed the Great Seal in the courſe of the laſt fourteen days, and thinks there is too great a probability of a greater number before the end of the month.

Receipt of great ſervice in preventing the Flies from deſtroying the Seeding Leaves of Turneps, Cabbages, Savoys, Flax, and other Vegetables.

"Mix two ounces of flour of brimſtone with three pounds of turnep ſeed daily, for three days ſucceſſively, in an earthen glazed pot, and keep it covered cloſe, ſtirring all together well at each freſh addition, that the ſeed may be the more tainted by the ſulphur; then ſow it as uſual on one acre of ground, and let the weather come wet or dry, it will keep the fly off till the third or fourth ſeeding leaf is formed, and by this time they will all be ſomewhat bitteriſh, and conſequently very much out of danger of this little black flying inſect, which in ſummer time of the year, may be ſometimes ſeen in ſwarms on the wing near the ground, ſearching for and ſettling on freſh bites, till they ruin thouſands of acres in ſome ſeaſons, by lying and reſiding under the little clods of earth all night, and during the day following." —At this time of the year the above ſort are become particularly troubleſome: The Farmer, who uſes this remedy, will find he may ſimple it effectually for leſs than ſix-pence an acre expence.

On Thurſday evening was married, by virtue of a Special Licence, by the Rev. Dr. Jeffreys, at Lord Hardwicke's houſe in St. James's-ſquare, Lord Polworth, ſon and heir of the Earl of Marchmont, one of the Sixteen Peers, and Keeper of the Great Seal for Scotland, to Lady Amabell Grey, eldeſt daughter of the Earl of Hardwicke, and the Marchioneſs Grey, Baroneſs Lucas, of Crudwell.

They write from Exeter, that the Adelaide, a man of war of 60 guns, launched in a form, on the 20th of laſt month, within ſight of the harbour. Several volleys fell off to her aſſiſtance, and ſaved the men, but the ſhip was loſt.

The Hawke, Guarda, from Greenland, with 5 ſail and 60 ſkins; and the Defiance ſloop of war, from Virginia, are arrived in the river.

JULY 20. It is reported, that the Civil Liſt is now four quarters in arrear, which will amount to an amazing ſum. Notwithſtanding this immenſe debt, which the King owes to his menial ſervants, it is ſaid that there is not money enough in the Exchequer, on the Civil Liſt account, to pay off one month's arrears.

Extract of a letter from Edinburgh, July 14.

"The houſe of Meſſrs. William Alexander, and ſons, of this place, which had ſtopped payment about three weeks ago, began buſineſs again yeſterday. They have obtained a conſiderable loan from the Bank of England (ſaid to be 160,000l. ſterl.) which will extricate them from the effects of the late bankruptcies; in conſequence of this loan, the great houſe of Glyn and Haliſax, of London, Bankers, is ſaid to be going on again, and that ſeveral other houſes there, which had ſtopped payment, have alſo began buſineſs. It is alſo confirmed, that the bank of Douglas, Heron, and Co. have obtained from the Bank of England a loan of 300,000l. ſterling. Theſe large aids, at this critical juncture, will, it is hoped, be fully ſufficient to re-eſtabliſh trade on a proper footing."

Orders were given laſt week for all Britiſh Ambaſſadors and Miniſters appointed to foreign Courts, to ſet out on their reſpective embaſſies in a month at fartheſt.

Three men of war now fitting out at Portſmouth are ſaid to be deſtined for North-America, and their departure is haſtening with all ſpeed.

Orders have been ſent to Ireland for preventing the raiſing recruits in that kingdom for any power whatever except government.

JULY 24. A great perſonage a few days ſince ſent an American General a bank note of 500l. and ſettled on him 200l. per annum.

On Thurſday laſt a very conſiderable Houſe in the American Trade ſtopt for between ſixty and ſeventy thouſand pounds, owing to the ſlow circulation of money from that continent.

It is reported that his Majeſty's forces in both Floridas will ſhortly be recalled, the national expence in maintaining thoſe ſolitary provinces being infinitely beyond their worth.

JULY 28. Advices from Dublin give a melancholy account of a late dreadful fire which broke out on the 15th inſtant, at Drogheda, by which near half the town was deſtroyed.

Extract of a Letter from Hitzacker, in the Principality of Zelle, dated July 9, 1772.

"Queen Carolina Matilda of Denmark arrived here yeſterday in the evening with ſeveral noblemen and ladies, and alighted at the houſe of Mr. Schultze upon the Wynberg, where ſhe took a view of the curioſities which that gentleman collected during his reſidence at Bengal. Our Burghers received her Majeſty under arms."

Letters from Archangel, of the 5th of this month, bring the melancholy news, that they have had a ſecond dreadful fire at Oeſtiga, which has burnt down twelve churches, and twelve hundred houſes. Six large veſſels, laden with corn, were alſo conſumed by the flames. There is room to think that theſe ſucceſſive misfortunes have not been occaſioned merely by accident.

Our amiable Queen, who is ever delighting in, and ſetting good examples, has juſt finiſhed a very curious tambour waiſtcoat for the Prince of Wales.----Would it not be highly commendable, if our Great Ladies would fill up their vacant hours with ſuch like amuſements?

The India charter allows but 499 tons burden per ſhip; whereas their preſent average burden is full 800 tons, and ſome of them much greater. The Morſe is of between 14 and 1500 tons.

A young Lady, daughter of a Gentleman in the neighbourhood of Iſlington, has (within a few days) been diſcovered to be pregnant. What is worthy of remark, ſhe poſitively denies having had (with her knowledge) the leaſt connexion with the other ſex.

This morning early, a fire broke out at Mr. Hankey's, Farrier, in Parker's lane, which deſtroyed that, and greatly damaged the two adjoining houſes.---It is ſaid that a woman and three children are burnt to death.

A few days ſince died, at her lodgings at Paddington, the celebrated Kitty Fell, on whom a ſong was written ſome years ago, which was a favourite ditty throughout the kingdom.---- "Adieu, Dear Kitty Fell!"

JULY 29. Letters from Paris mention that there had been an inſurrection at Cherbourg on account of the dearneſs of proviſions, and that at the Convent of Rheims, where there was a magazine of corn, the people entered forcibly and plundered it.

Letters from Leghorn aſſure us, that of the five cheſts belonging to the Jeſuits, ſuppoſed to contain ſilver only, one is found to be moſtly gold, and in another was concealed a number of diamonds.

Yeſterday Mr. Sheriff Bull was ſworn in at Guildhall Alderman for Queenhithe Ward, in the room of Mr. Alderman Peers, lately deceaſed.

His Majeſty has ſettled 200l. per annum on each of the Phyſicians that attended the Duke of Glouceſter in Italy.

A Gentleman juſt returned from Tunbridge ſays, that a few days ago Lady Elizabeth B---r---gh---m, eldeſt daughter of the Right Hon. the Earl of L-------th, eloped from that place with Captain S--w---ll, ſecond ſon of a certain great Officer in the Court of Chancery; and, it is ſuppoſed they have taken a trip to Scotland, to the no ſmall mortification of the Lady's family.

JULY 30. Orders are given for ſix regiments of foot on the Britiſh eſtabliſhment, to be embarked immediately at Wooſwich for Minorca.

The brigantine St. Lawrence, with Dr. Solander and Mr. Banks on board, is ſailed from Plymouth to Iceland.

The King of Sardinia is ſo well recovered of his late indiſpoſition as to have diſmiſſed his phyſicians from their immediate attendance.

Lord North has a plan under conſideration for preventing the great exportation of the gold and ſilver ſpecie of this nation.

Some ingenious women from Spitalfields are now preparing and working, at Richmond Palace, a quantity of ſilk, produced within theſe two years paſt, from ſilk worms of her Majeſty's own feeding and nurturing.

A nation governed by rapacious and luxurious Miniſters, and the character of whoſe inhabitants is an exceſſive rage for getting money, and an extreme avidity in ſpending it, muſt be univerſally allowed to be on the decline. Is not this the caſe with Old England?

This day a capital houſe near the Eaſtern quarter of the city, is ſaid to have ſtopt for more than 200,000 l. which it is thought will draw others after it, as bills to a vaſt amount are coming due in a few days.

The Rev. Dr. Wilſon, on examination of the charter of the Joiners company, finds, that not only the maſter and wardens, but alſo the court of aſſiſtants of every Livery Company are elective annually. The next election of the Joiners is to be on this plan, when, 'tis ſuppoſed, none but the diſtinguiſhed friends of liberty will be elected.

The Sun-Flower, Capt. Martin, from Bermuda, with turtle, is ſafe arrived at her moorings in the river.----*Good news this for the turtle eaters.*

Bread has now been at one ſettled price for more than five months. A very extraordinary circumſtance! and which ſeems to prove that corn is brought to market only in ſtipulated ſmall quantities. It may, however, be expected, that the large crops of wheat every where growing, will ſoon reduce the price.

A meſſenger (it is reported) was yeſterday diſpatched to the Earl of Chatham at Burton Pynſent, requeſting his immediate attendance in town.

Advices from Berlin ſay, that the King of Pruſſia has given orders for raiſing 5000 recruits in Poliſh Pruſſia.

Letters from Paris confirm the account of the Hydroſcope (or perſon who has the gift of diſcovering water concealed in the bowels of the earth) mentioned in a former paper, with the further circumſtance of his having been tried with veſſels purpoſely buried in the earth, when he has not only diſcovered the ſpots, but told the direction and quantity of water ſo concealed.

A Letter from Conſtantinople, dated June 5, ſays, "Since the entire defeat of Ali Bey by Mehemet Aboudaab, he has fled to Chiek Daher in Syria. The Porte being informed of this happy event, ſent a firman to Aboudaab to appoint him Commander of Egypt, and gave orders at the ſame time to the Pachas of Syria to purſue Ali Bey to his retreat, and to attack Chiek Daher, who, it is thought, will be little diſpoſed to defend himſelf."

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, July 10.

"Laſt Tueſday a courier arrived here from Vienna, with diſpatches for the General Count de Rochefort, which occaſioned a long conference between the Auſtrian General, General Bibikow, and Mr. Benoit, Miniſter from the King of Pruſſia. It is ſaid that the ſubject of their deliberation was of great importance. At the iſſue of this conference, it was reported that the Auſtrian troops were to retire from Lublin, Leopold, and ſeveral other places."

In the ratification of the ſuſpenſion of arms ſent by the Grand Vizir to Count Romanzow, the Empreſs of Ruſſia is ſtiled the moſt renowned among the Governors that believe in Jeſus Chriſt, the moſt excellent among the moſt perfect of the people who follow the Meſſiah, and the conciliatreſs of the common differences among the nations of Nazareth: The Emperor of Germany is alſo called the moſt famous among the great Princes who believe in Jeſus Chriſt, the moſt excellent among the followers of the Meſſiah, and the reconciler of the common differences among the Nazarenes. Of the King of Pruſſia it does not ſpeak quite ſo hyperbolically, but prays for a bleſſing on all his projects, and particularly his preſent one in mediating a peace. But in another part of the ratification, ſpeaking of their own army, they call it the "Invincible Imperial Army."

Extract of a Letter from Paris, July 20.

"The roads between this city and the diſtrict of La Brie are ſo infeſted with rogues, who go in numerous gangs, that the inhabitants are in the greateſt conſternation. A few days ago a phyſician and Surgeon, who had been ſent for from Paris to attend a ſick perſon, were robbed of every thing they had about them, but their clothes, by a gang of five Ruffians. The Marechauſſee is ſent after them, ſo that we do not ſuppoſe they can eſcape. It is not however to be wondered that there are ſo many thieves, ſince the common people are reduced to a degree of Miſery not to be expreſſed. All trades are in a manner at a ſtand, and many hundreds of mechanicks out of employ. We have now in this city upwards of 1500 hackney coaches that have nothing to do, and in ſhort Paris was never in a more deplorable ſituation than at preſent."

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, dated the 28th inſtant.

"Yeſterday orders arrived here for the following men of war (and ſuch others as are ready) to put to ſea immediately, viz. the Torbay, Albion, Somerſet, and Triumph; and we hear that they are to ſail for the Mediterranean, in order to reinforce the fleet in thoſe ſeas, as it is ſtrongly ſuſpected the Spaniards have ſome deſign on Gibraltar, they having a powerful fleet in that part of the world, with ſeveral regiments of ſoldiers conſtantly exerciſing within ſight of the garriſon. We are well aſſured, by letters received from thence, that the Governor has taken every neceſſary ſtep to prevent the place being taken; all the works are well repaired, and ſome additional ones made to ſtrengthen the fortifications, and to get the garriſon well ſupplied with all ſorts of proviſions. There are ſome troops to embark from hence to reinforce that garriſon, and alſo that of Mahon."

Some few years ago Lord Clive propoſed to government, that he would pay off the whole debt of the nation, which then amounted to one hundred and forty millions ſterling, on condition that parliament would vote him 8000 Engliſh troops to accompany him to Bengal.

A correſpondent informs us, that an unfortunate Princeſs was heard to ſay, during her paſſage to her preſent place of reſidence, that ſhe could not but apprehend it would have been quite as happy for England if her B-------r had been born a private gentleman, as for Denmark if ſhe had been born a private gentlewoman; his inactivity operating as diſtreſsfully for his ſubjects, as her turn for enterprize had for hers.

Orders are given for two frigates to be ſtationed on a cruize between Capes Finiſterre and Ategal on the coaſt of Spain.

At the breaking up of a council the other day, a member was heard to ſay, that the confuſion occaſioned ſome little time ago by the Stamp Act, with the behaviour of *certain* Governors, will forward the æra of the North American empire a century or two.

Yeſterday the Ruſſian and Pruſſian Miniſters had a long conference at the former's houſe in Soho-ſquare, on the ſubject of recent diſpatches from their reſpective courts.

The late conference between two Ambaſſadors is ſaid to have been in conſequence of ſome new diſſatisfactions at the court of Madrid, which are to be ſpeedily complained of, and no leſs ſpeedily revenged, unleſs bought off as uſual, by our wiſe, able and magnanimous adminiſtration.

An old correſpondent, upwards of 80, aſſures, that there are at this time more Scotch Members who repreſent Engliſh Boroughs, &c. than ever was known ſince the union.

Letters from France ſay, that wheat is riſen there from 40 to 56s. the quarter, Engliſh meaſure.

There are no fewer than three lottery ſchemes now in Ireland, all grafted on the Engliſh ſtate lottery.

We are informed that Mr. Barr, jeweller, in Prujean Court, Old Bailey, who picked up a bank note of 500l. has ſent word that he will remit 300l. on condition that he ſhall be free from all moleſtation, &c. which propoſal, it is ſaid, has been complied with.

AUGUST 1. A coolneſs certainly ſubſiſts between Lord North and Lord Hillſborough relative to the nomination of a ſucceſſor to the late Mr. Roberts at the Board of Trade: The former inſiſting that the nomination is in the Treaſury, and the latter affirming it is in him as principal of the Board at which there is a vacancy.

The politicians at St. James's look with an anxious eye for the appointment of a Lord of Trade, as by the perſon they will be able to judge whoſe ſtar predominates in the miniſterial hemiſphere, Lord North's, or Lord Hillſborough's.

We hear that two Crown Engineers are ſet out to inſpect the ſtate of the Caſtles and Forts on the coaſts of Suſſex and Cornwall.

A celebrated Dramatic writer, who lately abſconded for a deteſtable crime, it is aſſured, has drowned himſelf.

They write from Breſt, that diſpatches had juſt been ſent off to the Governors of the French Weſt-India Iſlands containing ſome freſh inſtructions concerning a regulation of trade between the ſubjects of their Britannic and moſt Chriſtian Majeſties in America.

An expreſs was diſpatched to Lord Chatham about three weeks ago, intimating that a Great Perſon deſired to ſee him; to which his Lordſhip is ſaid to have replied, "That he was ready at all times to obey the commands of that Perſonage, but that he knew his preſence at this time was unneceſſary, for he could be of no ſervice in the preſent poſture of affairs."

Letters from Poland adviſe, that another large body of Auſtrian troops had entered that kingdom, and was in march towards Kaminiec.

Lord Chatham, and two foreign Ambaſſadors reſident at our Court, had yeſterday morning a very long conference at a houſe ...many miles from St. James's.

If a certain Great Lady can be prevailed upon to become a voluntary exile to any one of the kingdoms upon the Continent, it is ſaid that ſhe will have a ſtipend allotted her ſufficient to ſupport an elegant houſhold.

We hear the youngeſt ſon of a certain nobleman received a gift laſt night at a tavern, that his abſence was wiſhed by all the company, ſome things having tranſpired of a moſt reproachful nature in his character.

The Lady who is gone off with the ſon of a great officer in Chancery, is ſaid to be worth 70,000l. in her own poſſeſſion.

A patriotic Commoner intends to bring in a bill next ſeſſion of parliament, to put a ſtop to the future practice of reverſionary grants and ſinecures, and that the latter may die with the preſent poſſeſſors.

A correſpondent informs us, that the Cumberland Baronet has lately made great advances for to fill ſome department in the Miniſtry.

It is ſaid that a Great Lady near Cavendiſh-Square, has lately wrote a very affecting letter to the Queen of Denmark, ſignifying the propriety of her yet continuing in Germany.

Mr. CROUCH,

SEVERAL Chimnies having taken Fire ſince the late cool Weather ſet in, the FIRE MASTERS are ſorry there ſhould be ſo much Reaſon to cenſure the Inhabitants of this Town, for their ſhameful Inattention in a Matter which ſo greatly concerns the Properties, and it may be, the Lives of the People here.---- It is therefore hoped, that all Landlords as well as Maſters of Families, ſhall immediately have their Chimnies well cleaned of Soot, and take Care that they be carefully ſwept, once every Fortnight or three Weeks at leaſt; for no Excuſe will be accepted in Abatement of the Penalty which the Law has impoſed againſt Defaulters in this Way. Moreover, it is expected, and will be inſiſted on, that all thoſe Chimnies, the Vents of which are ſo narrow, as not to admit a Sweeper, ſhould be pulled down and properly rebuilt. Were People to conſider, how little Engines can avail in Caſe a Fire ſhould happen when the Wind is high, they certainly would be careful to prevent Accidents of this Sort, as far as might be in their Power; for even allowing they had little or no Property of their own to looſe, yet the Duty they owe to their Neighbour, and the Community in general, ought to induce them to guard againſt ſuch diſtreſſing Caſualties, whereby Numbers might be involved in Ruin.---- Further, Joiners, Houſe Carpenters, Cabinet Makers, and others who work in Wood, are hereby cautioned to clear their Shops of Shavings every Evening, and not to allow any Perſon to work either by Fire or Candle-Light, after Dark; for this Town has been often endangered by theſe Means, and almoſt one Half of it was conſumed even in the Middle of the Day, within our own Memory, by making a Fire too near Shavings and other very combuſtible Materials.

GABRIEL MANIGAULT,
GEORGE SHEED,
JOHN EDWARDS,
} Fire-Maſters.

Charles-Town, September 28, 1772.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 29.

THE Ship Meredith, John Peacock, Maſter, from Jamaica for London, with a Cargo of Rum, Sugar, &c. ran aſhore in the Night of the 6th ult. on Watling's Iſland, one of the Bahamas, and is entirely loſt. The Captain, ſome Paſſengers, and Part of the Crew, got the next Day on board the Ship Charlotte, Captain Cooper, alſo bound for London: On the 11th ult. the Ship Sunbury, Captain Andrew Bayne, from Hiſpaniola for Georgia, (who arrived here the 18th Inſtant) ſaw the ſaid Wreck, and took the Mate and Four of the People from off Watling's Iſland, they being left behind, as they could not get a Paſſage with Captain Cooper, he being in Want of Water. Upwards of One Hundred Puncheons of Rum were ſaved out of the Meredith, by Captain Bayne.

Tueſday laſt the Ship Mermaid, Samuel Ball, ſen. maſter, arrived here from London, in whom came Mr. Richard Gough, Mrs. Gough, (late Miſs Barnwell) of this Province, and ſome other Paſſengers.

The ſame Day Captain Pitts arrived here from Jamaica, who informs, That on the 4th Inſtant, about 25 Leagues to the Weſtward of the Grand Caimano's, he met with a violent Gale of Wind or Hurricane, which laſted 14 Hours, and he imagines has done much Damage at Sea: On the 12th Inſtant, Captain Pitts ſpoke a Schooner from the Havana for the Matanzas, who informed him, that on the 28th ult. a terrible Hurricane began at the Havana, and continued 'till the 30th, which had driven all the Veſſels in that Harbour from their Anchors.

Wedneſday laſt the General Election for Members to ſerve in the new Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province ended, when the following Gentlemen were duly elected for the Pariſhes of St. Philip and St. Michael, Charles-Town, viz.

Chriſtopher Gadſden, Charles Pinckney, and Roger Smith, Eſquires, *for St. Philip's Pariſh.*

Miles Brewton, John Ward, and John Edwards, Eſquires, *for St. Michael.*

And the following is a Liſt of thoſe Gentlemen who have been elected for the undermentioned Pariſhes in the Country, viz.

John Rutledge, and Arnoldus Vanderhorſt, Eſquires, *for Chriſt Church Pariſh.*

Peter Manigault, John Wigfall, and James Akin, Eſquires, *for St. Thomas and St. Dennis.*

Paul Douxſaint, and Thomas Horry, Eſquires, *for St. James, Santee.*

Thomas Lynch, and Elias Horry, Eſquires, *for Prince George, Winyaw.*

Charles Auguſtus Stewart, Eſquire, *for St. David.*

Tacitus Gaillard, Eſquire, *for St. Stephen.*

Joſeph Kerſhaw, Eſquire, *for St. Mark.*

Iſaac Huger, Eſquire, *for St. Matthew.*

Edward Harleſton, William Moultrie, and James Cordes, jun. Eſquires, *for St. John, Berkley County.*

Thomas Smith, John Parker, and Benjamin Smith, Eſquires, *for St. James, Goose-Creek.*

David Oliphant, and Benjamin Waring, Eſquires, *for St. George, Dorcheſter.*

William Scott, Thomas Bee, and William Cattell, Eſquires, *for St. Andrew.*

William Gibbes, Charles Cotteſworth Pinckney, and James Carſon, Eſquires, *for St. John, Colleton County.*

Thomas Ferguſon, Benjamin Elliott, and George Haig, Eſquires, *for St. Paul.*

Rawlins Lowndes, James Parſons, William Skirving, and Thomas Oſborn, Eſquires, *for St. Bartholomew.*

Arthur Middleton, and Thomas Evance, Eſquires, *for Prince William.*

William Elliott, Thomas Heyward, and John Barnwell, jun. Eſquires, *for St. Helena.*

We have not yet learnt the Names of the Members elected for the Pariſhes of Prince Frederick and St. Peter, Purryſburgh.

Friday the new Ship Pallas, (built at Beaufort, Port-Royal, and owned here) James Bailey, Maſter, arrived here from London, in whom came Paſſenger Captain George Jordan.

Saturday a Ship arrived here from Ireland, with a Number of Paſſengers.

The ſame Day put into this Port, being very leaky, the Brig Townſend, John Gobbett, Maſter, bound from Cape-Fear for Swanſey, in Wales.

Sunday the Brig Friendſhip, Captain Blewer, arrived here from Philadelphia, in whom came Paſſengers Charles Elliott, Eſq; Mrs. Elliott, Mr. Benjamin Cattell, Mrs. Cattell, of this Province, Mr. Robert McAlpine, of New-York, and ſeveral others.

Yeſterday the Brig Charles-Town Packet, Captain Wright, ſailed for Philadelphia, in whom went Paſſenger Mr. John-Wright Stanley.

DIED.] George Murray, Eſq.---Mr. Alexander Chiſolm, ſen. ---Mr. Nathaniel Stott, Merchant.---Mr. Jacob Ham.

Arrivals from this Port. The Hero, Smith, at Portſmouth.--- The Governor Wright, Hall, at Briſtol.---The Charming Sally, Beſnard; Glaſgow, Marquis; Trueman, Shepheard; and Mary, Spurier, at Cowes.

Arrived from Georgia. The Induſtry, Kenny; and Union, Coombes, at Cowes.

Arrived from North-Carolina. The Herring, Nicholſon, at Portſmouth.

*** Thoſe GENTLEMEN who ſubſcribed with the Printer hereof, for the AMERICAN EDITION of BLACKSTONE's COMMENTARIES on the LAWS of ENGLAND, are requeſted to apply for the Third Volume. A few of the Firſt and Second Volumes may be had, by applying as above.

†‡† Sundry NEW ADVERTISEMENTS omitted this Week, in order to give Place to the LONDON NEWS, &c. ſhall have particular Notice taken of them in our next.

Sept.	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
21ſt.	Brig Hawke, Robert Neill,	Philadelphia
24th.	Ship Mermaid, Samuel Ball, ſen.	London
	Brig Nancy, George Pitts,	Jamaica
25th.	Ship New-Market, Gilbert Wilſon,	London
26th.	Ship Pallas, James Bailey,	Ditto
28th.	Brig Friendſhip, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia
	Brig Townſend, John Gobbett,	Cape-Fear
Sept.	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
24th.	Snow Betſey, William Morgan,	Briſtol
	Brig Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright,	Philadelphia
25th.	Schooner Dolphin, Thomas Bowditch,	Salem
28th.	Schooner Savannah-Packet, John Turner,	Georgia
	Ship Sunbury, Andrew Bayne,	Ditto
Sept.	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
24th.	Brig Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright,	Philadelphia
28th.	Ship Unity, Robert Norris,	Liverpool

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A QUARTERLY MEETING of the GERMAN FRIENDLY SOCIETY, will be held on WEDNESDAY the 21ſt of OCTOBER next, at the Houſe of Mr. JOHN HATFIELD, in CHARLES TOWN, where the MEMBERS are deſired to attend preciſely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Steward,
CHARLES GRUBER, Clerk.

The SUBSCRIBER,

GOING TO LEAVE THE PROVINCE,

REQUESTS the Favour of all thoſe who are indebted to him to call and ſettle with Mr. JACOB VALK, in whoſe Care the Books, &c. are lodged, and who is authoriſed by me to give full and ſufficient Diſcharges for any Debts thereon, and for the lawful Recovery thereof.

September 24, 1772. JOHN HARRISON.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

HAVING DECLINED THE

STABLING BUSINESS,

REQUESTS his Friends to take away their Horſes by the 15th of *October*; and hopes thoſe indebted, will not fail to ſettle with him before that Day, as he propoſes then to return to his Plantation.

JOHN RIVERS.

THE Subſcribers to Mr. PIKE's New-Aſſembly-Room, are deſired to attend there on *Tueſday* the 2d Day of *October* next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By the Committee,
WILLIAM MASSEY.

GEORGE THOMSON,

Has imported in the Mermaid, *Captain* Ball,

His Winter GOODS,

CONSISTING of moſt Articles that are neceſſary for that Seaſon, which he will diſpoſe of as uſual, at his STORE in *Tradd-Street.*

N. B. A neat Aſſortment of CHINA, in which is ſome fancy China.

THE Subſcriber has imported in the laſt Ships from LONDON, a great Variety of the very beſt ſuperfine BROAD CLOTHS, of the neweſt Colours, CASSIMERS, BATH COATING, with ſuitable Trimmings, Gold and Silver ſpangled Buttons, of the neweſt Faſhion, Silk and Worſted Pieces, embroidered Shapes for Waiſtcoats, of an elegant and ſubſtantial Quality, Plush and coarſe Cloths for Liveries. Gentlemen may be ſupplied on the ſhorteſt Notice, and may depend on having the beſt Materials, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms, as all his GOODS is bought with READY MONEY, ſo that he is enabled to furniſh his Friends better than any other Perſon in Town, and without troubling them with different BILLS.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR.

☞ Very great Encouragement will be given to two Journeymen Taylors.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

September 24, 1772. A negro boy, of the *Guinea* country, ſays his name is GEORGE, and that he belongs to Miſs *Nancy*, ſpeaks a little Engliſh, he is 5 feet high; has on a blue negro cloth jacket, and white negro cloth breeches. Taken up at Mr. *James Pendarvis*'s plantation.

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Miſs MARY STOLL, late of Charles-Town, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, before the Firſt of November next, and thoſe indebted to the Eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate Payment, to REBECCAH STOLL, Executrix.

JANE THOMSON,

Has juſt received by the MERMAID, *Captain* BALL, *from* LONDON,

A very neat ASSORTMENT of

MILLINARY GOODS,

Which ſhe will ſell on LOW TERMS, at her SHOP in TRADD-STREET,

In which are the following ARTICLES, viz.

ITALIAN SPRIGGS, beſt French wax beads, Marquiſite bows, on velvet, ditto with paſte with falls, French wax ear-rings, of all ſorts, real and mock garnet ditto, Marquiſite and paſte hair pins, egrets, of all ſorts, ſilver and gold cord and taſſels, painted, velvet and all other ſorts of ribbons, ladies ſatin pumps, of all colours, white Morocco ditto, black calamanco ditto, boys, girls, and childrens leather ſhoes and pumps, fans of all ſorts, thread edging and lace, of all ſorts, ſingle and double edge, hair powder, plain and ſcented, wath balls, French, kid, and lamb gloves and mitts, white and coloured; a few pieces of faſhionable SILKS, for ladies gowns, black flowered ſatin, white and coloured ditto, black and white lace ſatin, plain and figured dimity and Marſeilles quilting, India dimity, India taffetas, of moſt colours, rich black India ſatin, cambricks, long lawns, clear lawns, and piſtol lawns, India chintzes, muſlins, ditto handkerchiefs, Bath Bruſſels lace, and thread netting hoods.

FOR THE FASHION viz.

Ladies and Girls CAPS, cloaks and cardinals, tarriſſas, hats and bonnets, flannel and garland, boys black and coloured caps, ready made ruffles, &c. &c.

N. B. A few SHAPES, for mens jackets, embroidered with gold, ſilver, and ſilk.

CARNE & POINSETT,

Have juſt received per the Mermaid, Capt in Ball, from London, and the laſt Ships from Briſtol,

A VERY LARGE AND GENERAL

ASSORTMENT of DRUGS,

CHYMICAL, GALENICAL,
AND
FAMILY MEDICINES;

MAHOGANY Medicine-cheſts, with Ground Stoppers and Specie Bottles, Glaſs Mortars and Peſtles, &c. Briſtol Water, in Hampers, Marble Mortars and Peſtles, Surgeons Capital and Pocket INSTRUMENTS, Steel-ſpring Truſſes, Pewter and Ivory Syringes, white and brown Candy, Barley Sugar, Comfits and Turkey Figs: Alſo a compleat Aſſortment of PICKLES and GARDEN SEEDS. All which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their SHOP in Elliott-ſtreet, facing Budon's-Alley,

N. B. Orders from the Country punctually and expeditiouſly complied with.——Proper Allowances made to Practitioners.

BOXES of MEDICINES fitted up as uſual.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of January next,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, in *Prince-William's* pariſh, containing four thouſand acres, of which there is thought to be twelve hundred acres of ſwamp, and capable of being made into four good rice plantations, joining Lands of Mr. *Drayton*, Mr. *Brailsford*, and Mr. *Fuller*, and is ſix miles from the landing, *Pigotalligo Bridge*. On the above tract are an overſeer's houſe, barn, corn houſe, and other neceſſary buildings.

There is alſo a fine STOCK of CATTLE, &c. which will be ſold.

LIKEWISE, TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon immediately.

A PLANTATION in the pariſh of *St. James, Gooſe Creek*, lately belonging to *Benjamin Huger*, Eſq; containing nine hundred acres, more or leſs. On the premiſes are an exceeding good brick dwelling-houſe, a good barn, and corn-houſe, with an overſeer's houſe, dairy, kitchen, waſh houſe, coach-houſe, and ſtables, all new and as complete as moſt in the province; and a large garden and orchard, very well laid out, and lately pailed in.

There is ſome genteel HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, which, together with the ſtock of cattle, and crop upon the ground, will be ſold with the plantation, if the buyer chooſes them.

The above lands, &c. are the property of Dr. *Thomas Cau*, who was obliged to leave the province on account of his bad ſtate of health. The terms of ſale may be known, and the titles to the lands ſeen, by applying to

ROBERT PHILP, his Attorney.

N. B. CREDIT will be given upon good ſecurity, and paying the intereſt regularly once a year.

For PHILADELPHIA,
THE BRIG
FRIENDSHIP,
JOSEPH BLEWER, Maſter.

HAS excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Speed;—For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter on board, at Rowand's Wharf, or

DANIEL & ISAAC BOURDEAUX.

TO BE SOLD,

Seventy or Eighty Head
OF
Fine Large SHEEP,

Belonging to the ESTATE of EDWARD WILKINSON, deceaſed;—to be ſeen at his WILL-TOWN Plantation. Apply to

MORTON WILKINSON, Executor.

☞ Thoſe who are ſtill indebted for Things bought at the Vendue of the ſaid deceaſed, are deſired to make immediate Payment.

Lately published in PHILADELPHIA, and to be sold, by
CHARLES CROUCH,
At his Printing-Office in Elliott-ſtreet, (Price NINE SHILLINGS Pennſylvania Currency, the London Edition ſells for FOUR-TEEN SHILLINGS)

A COMPLETE *GERMAN* GRAMMAR, in two Parts. The firſt Part containing the Theory of the Language, through all the Parts of Speech; the ſecond Part is the Practice, in as ample a Manner as can be deſired. The third Edition, greatly altered and improved,

By *JOHN JAMES BACHMAIR*, M. A.

To which is added, an APPENDIX, containing,

I. An Index of German Words, ſimilar in Sound, but of different Orthography and Signification.

II. Names of the moſt common Occupations and Trades, as alſo the Names of the Materials and Implements, &c. thereto belonging.

III. Explication of a German Proverb.

N. B. The APPENDIX is not in the London Edition.

*** In the Preface to the firſt Edition of this Grammar the Author ſays, that "thoſe who have a Mind to learn fundamentally the *German Language*, will find ſuch plain and eaſy Inſtructions, that, even without a Maſter, they may at leaſt attain to read and underſtand it."

ALEXANDER ALEXANDER,

PROPOSES to teach the Art of SURVEYING in the Evenings, the enſuing FALL and WINTER, provided he can get a ſufficient Number of young Gentlemen engaged, to make it worth his While: And having furniſhed himſelf with a CIRCUMFERENTOR and CHAIN, he intends to accompany his Pupils to the Fields and Woods near Town, at convenient Times, in order to inſtruct them in the Practice: He began on MONDAY the 28th Inſtant.

As Lands in this Province daily increaſe in Value, the Utility of this Art muſt increaſe in Proportion.----The Advantages of an accurate Acquaintance with it, muſt be very apparent to thoſe Gentlemen in particular, who are poſſeſſed of landed Property in the Country, as it might, at any Time, give them a ſatisfactory Knowledge of the exact Dimenſions of their own Poſſeſſions; might be a Source of rational Amuſement in their leiſure Hours; and might enable them to be ſerviceable to their Friends and Neighbours.

*** He has good Accommodations for BOARDERS, who may be inſtructed in the above Branch, and in any other he profeſſes to teach, without any additional Expence.

THOMAS WARING,

RETURNS his ſincere Thanks to his Friends for their Favours ſhewn him in the COMMISSION BUSINESS, and hopes for a Continuation of the ſame, and they may depend it ſhall be his chief Study to promote their Intereſt.

TO BE SOLD at public VENDUE,

On ROWARD's WHARF,

On THURSDAY *the* 22d *Day of* OCTOBER *next, at Noon,*

By Meſſrs. OATS & RUSSEL,

All the ESTATE *and* EFFECTS *of*

TURNER VARDELL, deceaſed,

CONSISTING of ſundry Houſhold Goods, a fine young Houſe Wench, a ſtout Boy, brought up to the Sea.

And at the ſame Time and Place will be SOLD,

ALL the Eſtate and Effects of ROBERT [illegible] The Conditions of both will be made known at the Day of Sale.

ALL Perſons who are anyways indebted to the ſaid Eſtates, are deſired to make immediate Payment; and thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtates are indebted, are deſired to ſend their Accounts, properly atteſted, to

ANDREW LORD, Adminiſtrator.

FENWICKE BULL,

At his STORE oppoſite the NEW VENDUE-HOUSE,

HAS FOR SALE,

LONDON PARTICULAR, and old *New-York* MADERA WINE, by the Dozen, or other Quantity, VIDONIA WINE, BATAVIA ARRACK, CONIAC BRANDY, GENEVA, high proof Jamaica, Weſt India, and Northward RUM; *very hard* SOAP in Boxes, or in ſmall Quantities; COFFEE, equal to Turkey; BOHEA TEA, CHOCOLATE; FRONTINACK WINE; beſt *Burlington* HAMS; freſh FLOUR in Kegs, and in half Barrels; Loaf and Muſcovado SUGAR; MUSTARD; and CHERRY RUM, made with the beſt Ingredients.

JOHN JAMES,

Has juſt imported in the Brig Charles-Town Packet, Samuel Wright, *Maſter, from* Philadelphia,

SUPERFINE FLOUR in Barrels, half Barrels, and Kegs, Ship and Pilot Bread, Hopkins's Milk, Water, and Butter Bread, hard Snap, mould Tallow Candles, Muſtard, Northward RUM, Hams, Horſe Collars and Hames, ſome very neat round Top Windſor Chairs, a few Caſks of good LISBON WINE, &c. &c.

N. B. TWENTY SHILLINGS CASH will be given for any Quantity of good clean FLAX SEED, to be delivered any Time by the Middle of December.

MRS. JUDITH FULLER, informs me of a bay Gelding, about 14 or 15 hands high, branded on the near ſtanting buttock like HC in one, and on the off buttock branded, but not to be underſtood, having ſtrayed into her plantation, near Ashley-ferry. The owner muſt prove his property before JOHN TROUP, J. P.

A FEW BALES of NEGRO CLOTH, and ſome good LONDON PORTER, juſt imported, and to be ſold reaſonably, for CASH, or good Bills of Exchange, by

THOMAS EVELEIGH.

NEGRO CLOTH,

BOUGHT from the *Manufacturers*, in and about *Shrewſbury*, to be ſold at *Nine* for *One*, at *John Davies's* Store, in *Bedon's-Alley*.

TO BE SOLD,

A Healthy, likely NEGRO GIRL, about 15 Years old, who can Cook and do all Kind of Houſe Work. Apply to the PRINTER.

GEORGE FLAGG,

HAS IMPORTED,

In the laſt Veſſels from LONDON and BRISTOL,

A COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT

OF

PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, &c.

FIFTY Crates of beſt Sheet GLASS for PICTURES, &c. with One Hundred Boxes of Glaſs, viz. 9 by 7, 10 by 8, 11 by 9, 12 by 10, 13 by 11, 14 by 10, 16 by 12, to be ſold very cheap for CASH, at his OIL and COLOUR-SHOP on the BAY; where he carries on the PAINTING and GLAZING BUSINESS.

HE returns his moſt grateful Thanks to his Friends for their paſt Favours, and hopes to merit a Continuance of them, by faithfully executing their Commands; to enable him to do which, he intends to keep conſtantly by him, a Supply of every neceſſary Article in the above Branches.

N. B. TRAIN OIL, the beſt Sort for INDICO and LEATHER.

TO BE SOLD at private SALE,

A LOT of LAND in King-ſtreet, with ſeveral tenements thereon; fronting the ſaid ſtreet 40 feet in Length, and in Depth 135 feet.

TWO TRACTS of LAND, viz. 300 acres in Craven County, and 150 acres in Boonſborough Township.

TWO NEGRO WENCHES, one 18 years old, and the other 16, both ſeamſtreſſes, and the firſt a compleat *houſe wench*.

N. B. For further particulars, apply to the ſubſcriber, who will make the terms of payment agreeable to the purchaſer, upon giving approved ſecurity.

MONEY WANTED at intereſt, from £.500 currency to £.15000 ſterling, in different ſums, upon the beſt ſecurity, and at NO EXPENCE to the LENDER.

THE CREDITORS of the eſtate of *George Carpenter*, deceaſed, are requeſted to ſend in an account of their demands, properly atteſted, to the ſubſcriber, who being impowered, propoſes to make a dividend as ſoon as the claims on the ſaid eſtate can be aſcertained, and which he deſires may be done by the 15th of *November* next, or ſuch creditors as omit to ſend in their accounts as aforeſaid, muſt expect to be excluded any ſhare of the dividend.

N. B. Thoſe ſtill indebted to the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment.

ALSO,

THE CREDITORS of *Samuel Wiſe*, who have hitherto been remiſs, in ſending their accounts to the ſubſcriber, as deſired by former adverteſements, are *ONCE MORE* requeſted to do the ſame, in order to have a ſettlement, which the ſubſcriber intends ſhall be done immediately, after that of the eſtate of *George Carpenter* is compleated, Mr. *Wiſe* being adminiſtrator thereto, or they will likewiſe be excluded any ſhare on the dividend.

LIKEWISE,

THE CREDITORS of *Caleb Eaſton*, deceaſed, are deſired to call on the ſubſcriber, on or after the *fifth* day of *October* next, to receive payment.

JACOB VALK.

TO BE SOLD by private Contract,

TWO LOTS of LAND on *White Point, Charles-Town*. The one is in *Meeting ſtreet* or *Old Church-ſtreet*, oppoſite *Hopkin Price*, Eſq; containing in front on ſaid ſtreet twenty-ſix feet, and in depth ninety-five feet; there is on the premiſſes, a good two ſtory DWELLING HOUSE of four rooms, with a cloſet in each, and a piazza on the ſouth; alſo a good kitchen, waſh-houſe, and other convenient out-buildings. The other LOT fronts on a lane leading from *Old* to *New Church ſtreet*, and contains in front on ſaid lane twenty-five feet, and in depth about forty four feet: This lot is let on a leaſe for ſeven years, at £.45 per annum. One third of the purchaſe money will be required for the firſt lot, and for the remainder a long credit will be given. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply on the premiſes, to WILLIAM WAYNE.

Charles-Town, September 6, 1772.

ALL Perſons that have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of JOHN ROBINSON, late an Officer of his Majeſty's Cuſtoms, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend them in, properly atteſted, to the Subſcriber, before the 19th Day of *December* next, as a final Diſpoſal of his Effects will be made that Day. JOHN CORAM, Executor.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered upon immediately,

THE HOUSE and STORES in *Bedon's Alley*, lately poſſeſſed by Meſſieurs *Powell, Hopton, & Co.* Apply to

WILLIAM SAVAGE.

WANTED,

THREE or Four Thouſand Feet of ASH PLANK, ſome to be delivered in *November* next. Any Perſon inclinable to cut ſuch Stuff, may apply to

MATHIAS HUTCHINSON,
Chaiſe-Maker, in Queen-ſtreet.

CORNELIUS DUPONT, Eſq; tells the following ſtrays, viz. A brindle pied COW, branded on both hips with an obſcure brand, and a large ſcar on one ſide, marked with a poplar leaf in each ear, and has a beiſer calf.

A red pied COW, branded on the hip thus DD, and marked with a poplar leaf in one ear, and an over ſlope in the other, has a beiſer calf. The owners muſt prove their property before JOHN CHISOLM, J. P.

TO BE LET,

THE Front STORE and CELLAR, where I live.

SIMON TUFTS.

St. Matthew's Pariſh, September 3, 1772.

RUN-AWAY

From the SUBSCRIBER, on the 27th of *Auguſt* laſt,

Three New Negro Fellows, *viz.*

WILL, a ſtout fellow, very hairy limbs, five feet eight inches high, his country marks on his breaſt, and has a down look. SAMPSON, a ſtout fellow, about five feet nine or ten inches high, has a cheariful countenance, and a remarkable ſmooth face. DIBBE, a ſmall fellow, about five feet five inches high, and has his teeth filed.

They are all very black, and are branded on the left arm, above the elbow, BI: They ſeem all to be between twenty-five and thirty years of age, and had on when they went away, new white plain ſhort gowns, narrow ſtriped check ſhirts, and wool hats: They carried away with them one blanket, and three pair of trowſers, two crocus and one oſnabrug. A reward of FIFTEEN POUNDS, and all reaſonable charges, will be paid on the delivery of the above negroes, or in proportion for one, to Mr. *William Edwards*, ſaddler, in *Charles-Town*, or to the ſubſcriber, in *St. Matthew's* Pariſh. JOHN SAVAGE.

WILLIAM BOWER,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER,

BEGS Leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he has removed from the *Bay* to the SHOP in *Broad-ſtreet*, next Door to Mr. *Serrazin*, and lately occupied by Mr. *Thomas Barton*, Saddler, where he continues to carry on the Clock and Watch-making Buſineſs in all its Branches.

The Encouragement he has met with, claims his ſincereſt Acknowledgments, and he flatters himſelf he will, by his Aſſiduity and Diſpatch, merit a Continuance of the Public Favour.

OLD Jamaica Rum in Hogſheads and Porter Caſks, fit for immediate Uſe; Barbados and Grenada Rum in Hogſheads; a Quantity of very old Vidonia Wine of the beſt Quality; a large Aſſortment of ſquare and flat Iron; Muſcovado Sugar in Hogſheads and Barrels; a few Boxes of Spermaceti Candles; a freſh Aſſortment of Sail Cloth, conſiſting of Bridport, Eaſt Coker, Kirkham, Ruſſia, and Raven's; Anchors and Grapnals of all ſizes; a large Quantity of Seine and Sail Twine; Philadelphia ſuperfine Flour, Ship Bread, Windſor Chairs of all Sorts; Glauber and Epſom Salts in Kegs; ground Spaniſh Brown, and White Lead; and a Quantity of Indian Corn, to be ſold by SHIRLEY & PRICE.

THE Co-partnerſhip of HEWET & LYNCH, being expired, the Subſcriber begs Leave to inform the Public, that he has now entered into Buſineſs for himſelf, on the North Side of the White-Meeting, where he carries on the COACH and CHAIR-MAKING BUSINESS, in as complete a Manner as can be performed in this Province; and ſolicits the Cuſtom of thoſe Gentlemen and others, who were pleaſed to employ the late Company; to merit which, the greateſt Care and Expedition will be uſed, in executing the Orders they may be pleaſed to favour him with.

GEORGE HEWET.

N. B. He has erected a complete and large Range of COACH-HOUSES, for the Reception of Gentlemen's Carriages that may come to be repaired, in Order to prevent their receiving any Injury from the Weather.—Gentlemen may have their Carriages ſtored by the Year, on very reaſonable Terms.

☞ He has to diſpoſe of, ſundry CHAIRS and CHAISES, with Harneſs, which will be ſold remarkable cheap for CASH:——Alſo a light PHEATON, with Harneſs.

RADCLIFFE & SHEPHEARD,

Have juſt imported, in the St. Helena, Captain Arthur, from BRISTOL,

DUFFIL BLANKETS, white and coloured PLAINS of a very good quality, nails of all ſorts, iron pots, hoes and axes, cotton and wool cards, men's coarſe and fine hats, boy's ditto, earthen and glaſs ware of all kinds, oſnabrugs and oſnabrug thread, ſhot of all ſizes.

They have likewiſe lately received from LONDON,

A quantity of HOSIERY,

Conſiſting of men's ſilk, worſted, thread, and cotton breeches patterns of all prices, men's coarſe and fine thread and ſilk ſtockings, women, boys and girls ditto; which, with their ſtock before on hand, they will ſell upon the moſt reaſonable terms, at their ſtore in Broad-ſtreet.

LEBBEUS WHITNEY,

SHOE-MAKER,

Lately arrived from RHODE ISLAND,

GIVES NOTICE to the Public in general, that he has opened a Shop in Broad-ſtreet, in the Houſe where Mr. Benjamin Lord, Leather-Breeches Maker lives, near the Beef Market, where he propoſes to carry on the SHOE-MAKING BUSINESS in all its Branches, and will uſe his utmoſt Endeavours to merit the Favours of all thoſe who may pleaſe to employ him.

☞ Who has for Sale at the ſaid Shop, a Quantity of Men's Engliſh made SHOES, lately imported.

A WOMAN with a good Breaſt of Milk, will take a Child to Suckle, at her own Houſe. Apply to the Printer.

WILLIAM HUTCHINS,

HAS opened an EVENING-SCHOOL, at his Houſe in *Gadſden's-Alley*, where Youth will be taught Reading, Writing, Vulgar and Decimal Arithmetic, Menſuration, Gauging, &c. 6 m.

FRANCIS & THOMAS GUERIN,

CONTINUES the Factorage Buſineſs, and will be much obliged to thoſe who may pleaſe to employ them. 2 m.

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